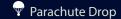
Allied Landings at Anzio and Nettuno January 22, 1944

KEY: † Military Cemetery







Sicily-Rome American Cemetery and Memorial

The Sicily-Rome American Cemetery and Memorial is one of two permanent American World War II military cemeteries in Italy. It commemorates American servicemembers fallen from the campaigns of Sicily and Italy through the liberation of Rome. The government of Italy granted use of this land in perpetuity as a permanent burial ground without charge.

American Battle Monuments Commission

This agency of the United States government operates and maintains 26 American cemeteries and 29 memorials, monuments and markers in 16 countries. The Commission works to fulfill the vision of its first chairman, General of the Armies John J. Pershing. Pershing, commander of the American Expeditionary Forces during World War I, promised that "time will not dim the glory of their deeds."



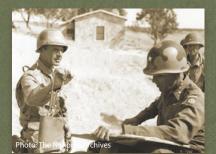
American Battle Monuments Commission

2300 Clarendon Boulevard Suite 500 Arlington, VA 22201 USA

Sicily-Rome American Cemetery

Piazzale J.F. Kennedy, 1 00048 Nettuno (Rome) – Italy **Tel:** (+39) 06.988.0284

Gps: N41 27.918 E12 39.503



Maj. Gen. Matthew B. Ridgeway (left) confers with Brig. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor on the battlefield in Sicily on July 26, 1943.



1st LT Andrew Lane (without helmet) with other members of the 99th Fighter Squadron pose for a photo at the Anzio beachhead in February, 1944.



US Army medic PFC Harvey White assists PVT Roy Humphrey wounded in fighting in Sicily on August 9, 1943.

For more information on this site and other ABMC commemorative sites, please visit www.abmc.gov

Sicily-Rome American Cemetery and Memorial

American Battle Monuments Commission





SICILY TO ROME 1943-44

At the Casablanca Conference in January 1943, Allied leaders decided to follow successes in North Africa by invading Sicily; success in Sicily led to landings in Italy. Allied objectives were to clear the Mediterranean Sea, force Italy out of the war, divert German forces threatening Russia, and weaken the Germans prior to the 1944 Cross-Channel invasion. Major milestones in the campaigns include:

July 10, 1943 – Allied forces landed on Sicily's southeastern corner.

August 17 – Sicily was liberated, German and Italian forces driven out.

September 3 – Italian government signed armistice.

September 9 – Allied forces landed at Salerno; Germans seized control of Italy and fought back.

OCTOBER 1 – American Fifth Army liberated Naples; British Eighth Army captured vital airfields near Foggia.

OCTOBER-DECEMBER – Allied forces fought slowly northward up the Italian peninsula against fierce resistance, and were halted at the defenses of the Gustav Line.

January 22, 1944 – Allied forces outflanked German positions with surprise landings at Anzio and Nettuno.

February 3-20-German forces launched a series of counterattacks at Anzio. Allied ground, air and naval forces successfully defended the beachhead.

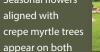
March-May-Stalemate at Anzio.

May 23-25-Allied forces broke through the Gustav Line and out from the Anzio beachhead.

June 4-Rome liberated by Allied forces.

The South

Seasonal flowers



sides. At the far end is a bronze statue of the Greek god of music, Orpheus.

Brothers-in-Arms

The bronze "Brothersin -Arms" statue by Paul Manship symbolizes the partnership between the U.S. Army and Navy.



The Burial Area

flanked by paths from the pool area



headstones are of Lasa marble.

of a pool near the cemetery

entrance is a stone cenotaph of Roman travertine honoring the war dead.

The memorial consists of a chapel map room, and connecting peristyle constructed of Roman travertine.

The Memorial

Layout

gardens.

On your journey from the visitor center

west to the ornamental pool and up the

mall paths through the burial area, you will

reach the memorial, the chapel, Brothers

in Arms statue, and the north and south

The Chapel

The names of 3,095 missing are memorialized on the interior walls of the chapel. A bronze rosette indicates the names of those recovered, identified and buried.



The North Garden

Four stars are centered with seasonal flowers around them.



The outer side is a rectangular strip with blooming roses. Italian umbrella pines flank a granite fountain.

Next-of-Kin Room

This next-of-kin room provides families and friends of the fallen with a quiet

place for rest and reflection.

Visitor Center

Here you can meet our staff and get your questions answered, sign the guest register,



and visit the interactive exhibit.



A center mall to the memorial divides the 10 burial plots. The



Stone Cenotaph

On a small island in the center

Useful Information

DIMENSIONS: 77 acres HEADSTONES: 7,860 LATIN CROSSES: 7.738

STARS OF DAVID: 122 TABLETS OF THE MISSING: 3.095 SETS OF BROTHERS: 30 **MEDAL OF HONOR RECIPIENTS: 2** DEDICATED: July 30, 1956

Headstone Location

PLOT:

ROW:

GRAVE: